



Inclusiveness

- Study BOPINC (2018) on RVO portfolio FDOV and FDW – Best Practices
 1. Making access to finance more inclusive
 2. Dedicated steering towards inclusive results (measure, analyse, adapt)
 3. Tailor towards specific target groups (e.g. women and youth)
 4. Sustaining capacity building efforts for low income groups
 5. Using the strength of broader community
 6. Composition of the right partnerships (e.g. public partner for access to land)
 7. Getting the message across and the target group on board

The overall conclusion was that the programmes were inclusive on the producers site, but less inclusive on the consumers site.

https://english.rvo.nl/sites/default/files/2018/09/Inclusive-PPP-14-09-2018_0.pdf



Illustration FDW project Drops for Crops

- important role cooperative. Access to markets, access to inputs, access to training, access to finance
- Role public partner. Access to land

In Drops4Crops project women with just 100 square meter plot are involved

However there is **discussion about seize of farmers.**

- In the policy rules FDOV one of the target groups are subsistence farmers. In the more recent SDGP programme subsistence farmers is replaced by farmers
- Processors and traders tend to prefer contracts with less cooperatives and less farmers because less (administrative) costs, certification etc.